

ALEXANI)RIA. VA WEDNESDAY EVENING, APRIL 23.

IN HIS speech in the U.S. House of Representatives yesterday in opposition to the civil service law, Mr. Grosvenor, a rank Ohio republican, said: "He did not believe that the law and its administration was approved by one fifth of the members of either House of Congress. He believed that if each member of the House would vote his deliberate opinion he would declare that the whole thing was founded on a mistake and its administration on a false principle. It was detrimental to the very purpose it was aimed to accomplish. Not only would he vote against increasing the force of the commission, but he would vote here and everywhere to repeal the whole law. It was a fraud on the people of the country." If the national democratic party would declare for a revenue tariff, for an income tax,

and for the repeal of the civil service law

humbug, it would sweep the country at

next fall's congressional elections.

THERE IS really nothing more absurb than THERE IS really nothing more absurb than per month. She is the widow of a soldier of the war of 1812; is eighty-two years of Congress on the subject of the metal currency of the country. The United States depend upon England for a market for their surplus products. English currency is founded upon a gold basis; and American ourrency, if founded upon any other sort, would not only drain this courtry of its gold, but, in the important matter of exchange, necessarily give the profits to English merchants and put the loss on American farmers. But if the congressional republicans, the representatives of the rich, are culpable in this respect, what must be said of the democratic congressmen, the representatives of the ever, be running sga'n to-morrow. poor, who, at parently at least, would found the currency upon every thing else except gold?

THAT THE protests of the republican farmers of the republican State of Minnesota ferring to the administration and to the presagainst the existing pillaging tariff have not been without effect, is proved by the fact that Governor Merriam, of that State, who was elected as an avowed protectionist, has changed his tune, and now says : "The expenses of administration have to be borne but in my judgment the necessary revenue for the purpose should fall upon the shoulders able to bear it. Tax the silks, the diamonds, the liquor and tobacco, but remove the tax for those necessary articles most widely diffused in their use." Now this is real, goo', old time democratic talk, and sounds like the advancing step of a democratic majority at next fali's congressional elec-

TELEGRAPHIC dispatches from North Carolins to the North report that the negroes of that State have cut loose from the republicans and have Issued a "declaration of independence." That such should be the case all the real friends of the negroes know, but all well informed southern men are just No matter the average negro may talk to a democrat, on election day, if he shall go to the polls, of two white candidates, one the most reputable democrat in the community, and the other the most disreputable republican. he will always vote for the latter.

IF THERE remain any well-informed, unprejudiced and disinterested people who are in doubt about the constitutional right to secede the States of the South had in 1861 they will have that doubt entirely removed by reading two articles in the May number of Belford's Magazine, one by B. J. Sage, and the other by the late President Davis. The war between the States decided that no one nor any number of States have that right any longer, but that the right existed prior to the termination of that war is beyand the limits of intelligent discu'e.

CONGERSSMAN ALLEN, of Mississippi, about sized up the general republican opicion of the Harrison administration yesterday, when, in his speech, he said, that ask ing one of his republican colleagues what he thought of it, the reply was:

"Wanny runs the Sunday school, Levi runs the bar; Paby runs the White House, And, damn it, here we are.

## FROM WASHINGTON.

[Special Correspondence of the Alexa. GAZETTE WASHINGTON, D. C., April 23, 1890. Senator Hoar has nearly completed his election bill. It will provide that at all Congressional and Presidential elections the U. S.circuit courts shall appoint commissioners who shall supervise the voting, counting, returne, and certification thereof, and will report it at an early day. As a means to secure its passage and also that of the bill to set aside the recent democratic redistrict ing of the States of Oblo and Maryland, if the latter bill shall pass the House, Senator Chandler, Mr. Hoar's pal in all sectional deviltry, introduced a resolution tc-day to make Mr. Speaker Reed's rule apply to the Sanate also, and to prohibit debate on any one bill longer than six days, and to author ize the presiding officer of the Senate to count members though they do not vote. Though the passage of such a bill would be revolutionary, the prevailing impression con-cerning it is that the necessities of the republican party at next fall's congressional elections will force the republican Senators to give it their united support.

The Senate committee on claims to-lay

agreed to report favorably a bill giving Isreal Kimbali \$10,000 for the use of his stamp for canceling tobacco stamps; the committee also reported favorably a bill to allow the Washington Iron Works Company to proseoute its claim for \$21,000 for work done on the Lenapee in 1862, before the Court of

The Senate bill, providing for an inspection of meats for exportation and prohibit-ing the importation of adulterated articles of food or drink, was acted upon favorably by the House committee on agriculture to-

The Shenandoah Valley Railroad Company are urging the House committee on the District of Columbia to expedite the passage of the bill providing for the entrance of off the relic hunters. their short cut line from Riverton into the District by a bridge over the Potomac at or

near Georgetown.

That some one or all of the persons named, General Mahone, Collector Brady and J. M. Langston, is or are influential, is proved by the fact that by their single or united power the republican majority of the House elections committee, for the first time this seesion, is divided on the contested election case in which all of the parties mentioned are deeply interested, the Langston-Venable This case is a bad one for the reputlicans, no matter how it may go. If Langston be seated there will be a negro candidate for Congress next fall not only in the Petersburg, but in several other districts, which will secure a so il democratic congressional delegation from Virginia. If Mr. Venable be allowed to retain his seat, the negroes all place before September. over the State will poke out their mouths; and without their solid support no republican candidate for Congress can be elected

in Virginia. Mr. McComas has almost completed his report on his bill to prohibit states from arranging their congressional districts to suit themselves. As soon as he shall have done so he will call up that bill and urge its passage. Mr. Lodge is not so keen set on his bill to put State elections under the control of federal officers as he was, for the reason that he has heard from home.

The House fisheries committee determined tc-day to report the bill for prolonging the operation of the law prohibiting fishing in the waters of the District of Columbia, with-

out any amendment. In the House Gen. Lee has introduced a bill to increase the pension of Mrs. Mary if the Emperor had desired it, but that his Jane Mallory, of Virginia, from \$12 to \$25 age; is totally blind, and has been confined to her bed for five years. Also to pension at the rate of \$25 per month Dr. Francis Lambert, a surgeon in the Creek war.

bill for a light house at Page's Rock, York river, was referred, has made a favorable report thereon. Notwithstanding the ridicule with which Senstor Ingalls has treated the President, it is rumored to-day that the necessities of the latter in the matter of securing his re election are so great that he and Mr. Harrison have made a contract by which the whole strength of the administration will be thrown in Mr. Ingalls' favor in consideration of Ingalls' support of Harrison in the next national republican convention.

The cable cars on 7th street were not running

to day in consequence of some derangement of the machinery at the power house; they will, how-

Enlivening Remarks in the House.

During the consideration of the legislative appropriation bill in the House yesterday. there were several interesting speeches re ent methods in the departments. Representative Dockery, of Missouri, advocated a radical reduction in the clerical force in the various departments at Washington, and read a statement showing that on the payrolls of the department there are over persons who are incapacitated for service by old age and other causes, to whom the government pays annually over \$400,000. He called upon the committee on civil service to take notice of this fact and bring in a bill to correst these alleged abuses.

On this same subject Mr. Lodge, of Massachusetts, delivered his views on civil service generally. He denounced what he termed as "hack-steir" influence in the matter of departmental and other federal appointments, and advocated the total divorce of the public service from politics without regard to party.

General Spinols amused the House by one of his characteristic speeches, in which he defended Tammany Hall methods in politics, and arraigned the present administra-tion for being English in its tendencies. He created considerable laughter by charging that at the beginning of the present administration colored servants were discharged from the White House and their places filled iahmen.

He said the civil service law was up Jeffersonian, un-democratic and un-American, and there were not five men on the other side who honestly believed in it. It was a fraud: it had been operated as a fraud, and the present administration had not paid the

least respect to it whatever.

Mr. Grosvenor, of Ohio, said the civil service law and its administration were not approved by one-fifth of the members of either house of Congress He believed that if each member of the House would vote his deliberate opinion, he would declare that the whole system was founded on a mistake, and its administration on a false princip'e. It was detrimental to the very purpose it vss aimed to accomplish.

Continuing, Mr. Grosvenor said that not only

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would be vote against increasing the lorde of the commission, but he would note here—and every-where—to repeal the whole law. [App anss] It was a frand on the people of the country.

Mr. Allen, of Mississip pi, quoted from the civil service plank of the republican party, and from President Harrison's letter of acceptance. The applican party hell come here, on its promises. resident Harrison's letter of acceptance. The republican party had gone back on its promises, and he wanted to call the strending of the promises. to the civil service pretentions of the administra

A story Mr. Allen recalled as showing the republican opinion of the administration, was to the effect that meeting a republican and asking him what he thought of it he received the following

reply: "Wanny runs the Sunday school, Levi runs the bar;
Baby runs the White House,
And, damn it, here we are."

## VIRGINIA NEWS.

The monitor fleet in the James river will probably be moved up to Rockets, be-

J. W. Craddock has been committed to jail la Henrico county, for attempting to wreck a train on the Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad. An enthusiastic meeting was held at Stanardsville, Greene county, yesterday, in favor of a subscription to the Piedmont and Po-

A suggestion has been made to drain Chickahominy swamp, near Richmond. This is a sluggish stream passing through Henrico, Hanover and other counties.

Chief Engineer Cutshaw, who is supervising that work, says the new City Richmond, will probably be completed in two years. It was begun three years ago.

Rev. J. G. Mason, rector of St. George's P. E. Church, Fredericksburg, has recalled his acceptance of a call to St. James's Marietta, Ga, and will remain in Fredericksburg.

The foreign contingent of the Pan-American party who refused to return to Washington with the special train summoned back by Secretary Blaice are still in Richmond where they are sight-seeing and receiving civil courtesies. They will go to Old Point tc-day, and will break up, some of them going to New York and others to Washington. The party had the opportunity of going South at the expense of the government, but

Is is aanounced that ex-President Clevaland has leased a cottage at Marion, Mass.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

Republican protest continues to pour in against the McKinley tariff bill. The New York republican Senatorial caucus declines to accept Gov. Hill's ballot re-

form bill.

An iron fence is to be put around the Lincoin monument at Springfield, Itl., to keep

Thirty men are imprisoned in the Rock Springs coal mine in Wyoming, and it is almost certain that all are dead.

Secretary Blaine, so it is reported in Washington, has joined the Harrison force, and is actually working for Harrison's re-

Jere Nagle, a plate printer at the bureau of engraving and printing in Washington, attempted suicide by cutting his throat with razor yesterday.

Henry E. Dixey, the actor, is having some trouble in Chicago over a heavy card debt, the result of a game of hearts five years ago in that city. The California Athletic Club last night

voted to make the Sullivan-Jackson purse \$20,000. The fight is not expected to take The governor of Ohio has granted a respite

to June 2 in the case of O to Leuth, the boy murderer, who was to have been executed at Cleveland Friday next. Chicago carpenters yesterday resorted to rioting and assaulting non-union men. A

foreman and a police sergeant were injured, and fifty rioters were arrested. The French yesterday attacked the position held by the Dahomians near Porto Novo, and were compelled to retreat, with a

loss of fifty killed and wounded. Jimmy Carroll, of Brooklyn, and Billy Smith, of Australia, fought at the California Athletic Club at San Francisco last night for a purse. Carroll won the fight in the 14th round.

Prince Bismarck is quoted as declaring that he would gladly have remained in office removal was brought about by the intrigues of opponents. Coes Brothers & Co., the largest individ-

nal coal operators in the Pennsylvania acthracite region, have announced a new cir-cular reducing prices fifteen and twenty-five cents a ton from March rates. Rev. Dr. Rainsford, of St. George's Church, New York, has been forced to leave the city

broke a blood vessel, and has been quite unwell during most of the winter. President Harrison is alarmed at the extravapance of the republicans in the Senate and House in the matter of appropriations for new federal buildings, and some of the

for the benefit of his health. He recently

many bills now pending are likely to be vetoed. John M. Brennan, democrat, was elected tenth representative from Providence, R. I. yesterday by 2,095 majority. The election changes nothing, as the democrats controll ed the grand committee by members a

ready elected. The House committee on postoffices and post-roads has completed the postoffice ap propriation bill for the fiscal year 1891. It carries an appropriation of \$71,850,982, being \$5 245 938, more than the appropriation for the current fiscal year.

The mysterious stranger who committed suicide last Thursday night at Willowbrock, Staten Island, is now thought by many to have been Michael Egraud, the much sought murderer, who several months ago shot and killed Deputy Marshal Gouffe, at Paris, France.

The Grand Master of Freemasons of the District of Columbia has issued an edict annulling the edict issued by his predecessor on July 25, 1889, against the "Cerneau" rite Masons for having, as alleged, entered into fraternal relations with the Grand Orient of

Frank Phillips, who two years ago, re sisted single-handed, six of the Hatfield gang, and captured some of them, was shot killed by Colonel W. D. Smith, near Cattletteburg, Ky., yesterday. Phillips had threatened to kill Smith, who, however, shot first.

Forty-two applications to sell liquor in Baltimore county, Md , under the new ticense have been received by the clerk of the Circuit Court. It is expected that the licenses vill vield an annual revenue of \$3,000 a su ficient sum to pay the expenses of the County Court.

Capt. John P. Bentley was struck with paralysis while passing through Franklin Park in Washington yesterday evening and died last night. Captain Bentley was 76 years of age, and had been in the First Auditor's office for 36 years. He was originally from Winchester.

The U.S. Senate yesterday receded from its position that the entire expense of the proposed zoological park, in Washington, should devolve upon the United States. No further disagreement as to this measure remained between the two houses, and the bill was passed, the District being charged with half the cost.

The Morganza levee, the most important dike on the Mississippi, has given way. Eleven parishes and part of New Orleans are threatered with inundation. Governor Nicholls has received from Bayou Sara an appeal for aid, and crevesses all along that district are reported. Many houses are sub merged, and great damage is feared.

SUIT FOR DIVORCE -Lillie T. Wiltshire has filed a bill of divorce in Washington against James H. Wiltshire. They were married in Fauquier county, Va., January 11, 1882; bave two children and she charges that defendant has led a wortbless life; had become an habitual drunkard, that his drinking commenced on the night of the marriage, and he has been sober only at rare intervals since; and that in December last he commenced a protracted spree which be has kept up to the present time; that he has treated her with cruelty and by his conduct rendered her life unbearable. She asks the custody of the children and the restoration of her maiden name of Lillie T. Ryan.

Court of Appeals Yesterday. Alexandria and Fredericksburg Railroad Company against Herndon. Argued by Col. Francis L. Smith for plaintiff in error. and C. E. Nicol, esq., for defendant in er-

## DIED.

Fell asleep in Jesus, Wednesday, April 23.1, 18:0, after a long and painful illness, which she bore with Christian fortitude and resignation, SARAH J., wife of George Wood, aged 31 years Had He asked us, well we know We should have said, Oh! spare the blow. Yes, with streaming eyes would pray, Lord, we love her, let her stay. In love she lived, in peace she died; Her life was asked, but God denied.

Her life was asked, but God denied. By Her Sisters.

The funeral will take place from 127 Prince street on Friday at 10 a.m. High Mass at St. Mary's Church. Friends of the family are re-

spectfully invited to attend.-[Washington papers On Tresday a terricon, April 22ad, ANNA BOLLING, daughter of the late I. Louis and Margaret G. Kinzer. 28 Funeral services from her late residence, 1016 Prince street, Thursday afternoon at four o'clock. Friends of the family invited to attend. Interment private. please copy.



ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

Proceedings of Congress. WASHINGTON, D. C., April 23. SENATE.

Mr. Sherman, from the Committee on Foreign Relations, reported back a concurrent resolution, which was adopted, requesting the President to enter into negotiations with the government of Mexico on the subject of irrigating the arid lands in the Rio Grande valley.

Mr. Blair introduced a bill to amend the interstate commerce act by adding a proviso that nothing in the act shall be construed to prevent free competition between all common carriers of the United States with those of foreign countries by land and sea.

Mr. Chandler offered a resolution to adopt the following among the standing rules of the Senate:

"Whenever a bill or resolution, reported from a committee, is under consideration, the Senate may, on motion (to be acted on without debate or dilatory motions), order that, on a day not less than six days after the passage of the order debate shall cease and the Senate proceed to dispose of the bill or resolution; and, when said day shall arrive, at 3 o'clock the vote shall be forthwith taken without debate or dilatory motions upon any amendments to the bill or resolution and upon the passage thereof. Whenever a quorum of Senators shall not vote upon any roll call the presiding officer, at the request of any Senator, shall cause to be entered upon the journal the names of all Senators present and not voting, and such Senators shall be deemed and taken as in attendance and present as a part of a quorum to do business, and declaration of the result of the voting shall be made accordingly. The purpose of the foregoing rule is to expedite the taking of votes in the Senate and to facilitate the public business.

Mr. Eustis asked Mr. Chandler if the procosed rules were the result of a republican caucus.

Mr. Chandler -- 'If they were, I should not be at liberty to state it to the Senator; but I will oblige him by stating that no Senator had any knowledge that I had drawn the res olution and intended to offer it."

The resolution was referred to the Com mittee on Rules.

Mr. Reagan addressed the Senate in surport of his bill (introduced last Monday) to repeal all laws for the retirement of officers of the army, navy and marine corps, and of the judiciary from active service on pay. HOUSE.

Mr. Harmer, of Pennsylvania, presented a memorial of the protected manufacturers of Philadelphia, in favor of prompt action, and in favor of a higher tariff. The House then went into Committee of the Whole on the legislative appropriation bill; the pending question being on the motion of Mr. Dunnell, of Minnesota, to strike out the clause providing clerks for Senators.

Mr. Breckinridge, of Kentucky, said If the clause were to be placed on the bill, it should be done at the request of the Senate and not be originated by the House. The difference between the Senate and House was rapidly growing and the House was largely responsible for it. In 1883 the House had surrendered to the Senate its prerogative to originate tariff legislation. At every Presidential inauguration the Senate assumed to dominate the whole matter, and the House acquiesced. This was a virtual abdication of the power of the House to originate appropriation bills.

Mr. Butterworth, of Ohio, said if the Senators wanted the clerks, let them have them. Representatives ought also to have clerks. Nine out of ten members wanted to have clerks, and if there was not a yea and nay vote they would get them. Nine out of every ten were wild to get clerks, but when the yeas and nays were called they went on dress parade and voted against the proposition.

Mr. Breckinridge said that under the present rules the Senate was usurping the power of the House, and in spite of its continuing character was becoming the leader of public opinion. The Senate discussed public matters in public before the nation, and as long as it continued to do this (and the House continued to conduct its business without proper debate) it would become the true representative of the people. The House was abdicating its power day by day. Through the machinery of party caucuses members could not express their opinions on the floor of the House.

The motion to strike out was lost-ayes 85. navs 87.

In speaking to a verbal amendment Mr. Kelley, of Kansas, read a letter from W. A. Finley, appointed in May as postmaster at Abbeville, S. C. who states that shortly after his appointment he was set upon by a mob, led by Ward S. Cothran, son of Congressman Cothran, and beaten with barbed wire and ordered to leave the town.

Mr. Ealoe, of Tennessee -D d you write the letter for him? Mr. Kelley-I want to state to the gen-

leman that I did write the letter. (Derisive laughter on democratic side.) I wrote the letter at his request. (Renewed laugh

Mr. Henderson, of Inwa-If you stop your snearing and dany the facts, it will be better. (Further laughter on democratic side.) Mr. Rowell, of I-linois-It is fanny to the

other side of the House to hear accounts of murder and whipping with barbed wires. Mr. Kelley-The gent leman signed the letter in my presence.

letter? Mr. Kelly -On account of the outrage; his arm is paralyzed. (Derisive laughter.)

Mr. McMillan-Why did he not write the

Mr. Boutelle-I insist that a member on this floor shall not be treated as post

Assistant Postmaster General Clarkson, complaining of outrages.

Mr. Breckluridge, of Kentucky, inquired by what authority Gen. Clarkson had turned over these papers to the gentleman.

Foreign News. LONDON, April 23 -Mr. Handel Cossham. liberal member of the House of Commons. died suddenly to-day from heart disease.

The three Americans who were arrested on the charge of attempting to rob bank clerk Stone of a bag containing £5,000 worth of checks, notes, and gold, were today convicted and sentenced to eighteen months' imprisonment at hard labor.

BERLIN, April 23 - Queen Victoria arrived at Darmstadt from Aix-les-Bains today. She was received at the railway station by the municipal authorities and a guard of honor.

Emperor William left Wilhelmshaven for Oldenburg tc-lay.

PARIS, April 23 .- The train on which President Carnot was travelling from Ajaccio, Corsica, was prevented from reaching Bastia on time by the derailment of the train preceding it. At Corte, President Carnot received the municipal authorities. He made an address in which he congratulated them that the dissensions in Corsica had ended. When the President reached Bastia he was welcomed by an immense crowd. An Italian naval squadron which was lying in the harbor fired a salute in honor of the President.

QUEBEC, April 23 .- The Signal Service reports that the steamer Lake Nepigon, from Liverpool, for Montreal, is fast in the ice,

off Cape Race, N. F. The Cape Rouge ice bridge is now mov ing down opposite this city.

PARIS, pril 23 .- A battle between the French and Dahomians has occurred at Porto Novo. Five hundred Dahomians were killed and fifty Frenchmen were wounded.

Fire

ROCHESTER, N. Y., April 23 - John G. Wagner's five story block, 73 to 79 south 8'. Paul street, was destroyed by fire early this morning. Loss on building \$65,000. Weaver and Company, shoe manufacturers, occupied the five floors in the south end of the building. The entire stock of finished goods and material and machinery was valued at \$80,-000. Langelow, Fowler, and Cop, leather, plush and carpet manufacturers, occupied the entire five stories in the middle of the block. Their stock was valued at \$50,000. Milton H. Smith's printing office was damaged \$2 500. The fire started in the roof and when discovered, was small. A brisk wind drove the flames down to the basement, and inside of ten minutes sheets of flames and dense volumes of black smoke poured from dozens of windows on the east, west and south sides of the building, and five minutes later the east walls of the great five story structure fell out and a moment later the south wall fell in. No one was hurt. The new Osborne House was directly opposite the burning building. Soon the window casings of the hotel were on fire. The guests were awakened and began to run down stairs in all degrees of dress and undress, some with clothing in their arms and others dragging trunks and satchels. The people in the Windsor and neighboring hotels ran cut and swelled the crowds on St. Paul street. The damage to the Osborne House is estimated at \$3,000

A Romantic Incident. CHAMBERLAIN, S. D., April 23 .- Frank Foot and Mary Crazy Bull, both full blood-Agency yesterday. An Indian named Tommy Tompkins had been engaged to Mary Crazy Bull. Tommy had bought a new suit of clothes and Mary's friends and relatives had purchased her a wedding out-fit. Numerous presents had been procured and a wedding feast was arranged for. At this inneres Freel Feel.

this juncture Frank Foot, one of the attractive young bucks of the tribe, appeared on the scene and persuaded Mary that he was the proper man for her to marry, and both being of one mind they eloped. On the following day Tommy met Foot and an encounter took place with loss of considerable of Foot's blood. Frank washed the blood from his face, proceeded to the agency and the marriage ceremony was performed.

The Compulsory Education Law.

TUSCOLA, Id., April 23 .- The first case in which the compulsory education law has figured has just been decided to court here and resulted in floing the officer for arresting a boy who was absent from school with out leave. The case has attracted considerable attention, as it shows to what limit the officer is projected by the law in the die charge of his duties.

He Said He Would Die and He Did. BIRMINGHAM, Ala., April 23.—George Denson a merchant at Randolph, Ala., declared Sunday night that he would die suddenly at 4 o'clock on Monday afternoon. On Monday morning he selected a coffin, made his will and gathering his family and friends about him, spent the day in prayer. At 4 o'clock he seated himself in a rocking chair, and in three minutes was dead. The doctors say death was caused by heart disease, brought on by mental and nervous excitement. Denson was about 40 years o'd and apparently in excellent health.

Telegraphic Brevities. The Presbytery of Troy, N. Y., yesterday voted 41 to 5 in favor of revision of the confession of faith.

An explosion occurred at the Etna Mills, New Castle, Pa, this morning, three men being killed and six badly injured, two of whom will probably die.

There was no loss of life in the coal mine fires at Rock Springs, Wyo., last night, or even any serious injuries to the men. The No. 92. mine was sealed to extinguish the fire.

Dr. Hagendorn and his companions, Hage-

man and Kruss, have been convicted of stea!ing 2,000 chickens in Racine and Milwaukee ounties, Wis., and have been sentenced to wo years in the penitentiary.

An attempt was made last night to burn burn ap 23 1t counties, Wis., and have been sentenced to two years in the penitentiary. the town of Tonawanda, N. Y. Fires were

started in lumber yards in different quarters

the fire alarm before they began their fiend. Ish work.

The President has remitted the sentence of dismissal imposed by court martial in the case of Lt. J. V. S. Paddock who was convicted of presenting fraudulent c'aims and of duplicating 127

accounts. A cyclone swept over the southern part of Litchfield township, N. H., on Monday. The path of the sterm was two rods wide and cur a

clean swath, though little damage was done.

At the Pattimore Convocation of the Episcona Church to-day Bishop Paret received Very Rev. F. J. Clay Morgan, known as the Archdearon of Annapolis.

The Massachussetts legislature has passed the constitutional amendment providing for biennial elections in that State.

The Faltimore Presbytery ti-day discussed to question of revision but arrived at no confusion

### MONETARY AND COMMERCIAL

NEW YORK, April 23 -The stock market was again less active this morning, and the reaction of last night made further progress in the early dealings. First prices, however, were steady as compared with last evening's figures. A general rally followed over the whole list, and some material gains we:e scored. The improvement from the lowest prices extended to 1 per cent., but the market then became very dull and so remained until the end of the hour, but at 11 o'clock it was still firm and at about the best prices reached.

BALTIMOBE, April 23 .- Virginia 6s consol dated 41%; past-due coup -: 10-40a -- ; do 3a 65348664.

WHOLESALE PRICES OF PRODUCE APRIL 20

Flour, fine...... \$2 25

Superfine..... Sassesses Fair Wheat. Damp and tough....... Corn, white..... 0 65 Yellow..... Butter, Virginia prime ..... Common to middling ... 0 12 0.10 (2) Dried Peaches, peeled. unpeeled .... " Cherries..... 0 10 0 5 0 12 60 Apples .....

Bacon Shoulders.....

Smoked Beef.

Coffees-Rio .

Cut do..

Sides.....

Sugars-Brown..... Conf. Standard A ...... Granulated..... 62 La Gauyra..... 021 0 24 070 0 0.75 Wheat Bran \$ ton \$ car., 17 00 Brown Middlings .. White Middlings Cotton Seed Meal 22 00 @ 22 25

Flour is firm and in good demand, mainly confined to jobbing traders. The receipts of Wheat are so small that quotations are merely nominal the offerings are composed almost entirely of from damaged to fair grades, and sales consequently show a long range-70, 75, 77, 80, 83, 85 and 86; choice milling samples would bring a cent of two more. Corn is active at 41a43. Rye 43a54. Oats 28,32. Eggs, Potatoes and other produce are scarce and wanted at quotations.

RALTIMORE, April 23.—Cotton quiet.

1134. Flour easier and unchanged. Wheat
Southern firm; Fultz SSa95; longberry 90.95;
Southern firm; Fultz SSa95; longberry 90.95;
Sept. 2 red SSaS9; Western steady; No 2 win1893; May S93; 490; July
42a46; yel-

NEW YORK, April 23.—Cotton firm; uplands 11 13 16; Orleans 12; futures very firm. Flour quiet and unsettled. Wheat active and irregular. \$12 25a14. Lard quiet and steady at \$6 07 52.

CHICAGO, April 23.-The opening of Wheat was weak and lower this morning, because of the warmer weather. July opened 5, below yester-day's close and advanced 1, after hovering around the first price for some time.

There will be a called meeting of the City democratic committee on Thursday evening, April 24th, at 8 o'clock, at the Marke; Building. All candidates who expect to participate in the primary will please be present. H. SMOOT, Chairman



FITZHUGH LEE. I EXINGTON, VA., January 17, 1890.

Dear Sir-When I require the use of glasses I wear your Pantiscopic Crystaliz d Lenses. In respect to brilliancy and clearness of vision they are superior to any glasses I have ever used. Ex-Governor of Virginia

These famous lenses adjusted to defective vision at the drug store of ap21 co6m L. STABLER & Co., Alexa. Va.

T. W. ROSE. GEO. S. SMITH.

T. W. ROSE & CO.,

# Pennsylvania Crushed Coke,

STOVE SIZE. The best fuel for summer use. ALL KINDS OF ANTHRACITE COAL IN

STOCK. OAK AND PINE WOOD In length and sawed and split.

Office and yard north Fairfax street. Telephone

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are now at the drug stores in this city, also at the

FOR SALE.

Mr. Kelley then proceeded to read from letters of southern postmasters to First ed that the incendiaries had out the wires of ply at 204 North Columbus street.

started in lumber yards in different quarters free from lumber yards in different quarters from free from lumber yards in different quarters from